DEVPOST NOV 2025 HACK THE TRACK SUBMISSION



SOLUTION:

D2P Accentuator for using Toyota GR Data sets and SMART resolution for Drive performance dimensioning SMART Resolution of DPD issues or incidences for a Race

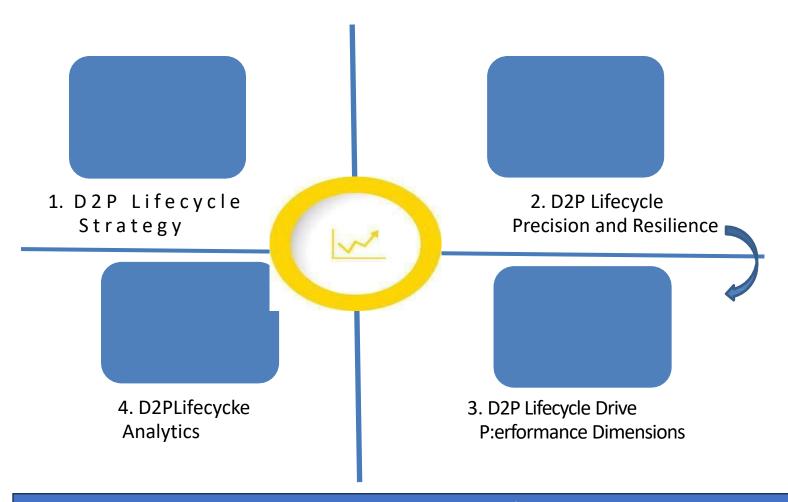
D2P ACCENTUATOR ANALYTICS
BY
VENKATRAM K S & AAKKASH K V

ZENKATRAMI K S & AAKKASH K V AOEC 2025-2026 DATA SETS SONOMA RACE1 AND RACE2

 AOEC finds that for podium finish, the manufacturer, driver & co-driver team, race engineering team, drive performance dimensions D2P team need to fine focus and design capability for the following D2P Accentuator workflows

Drive performance dimensioning

Road Surface,
Distance,
Drive time, and
Correlation for
Responsiveness,
Performance and
Reliability



D2P Lifecycle AND 5R(S)

Relate

Respond

Reduce Risk

Reciprocal Race insights

TMS Resilience for lap / rally designed RADIUS and CIZ

CIZ: CRITICAL INTERACTION ZONE IN A LAP/RADUIUS OF RACING

- AOEC finds that instrumentally, the Data to Performance (D2P) Lifecycle must define a
- workflow for accentuating
- 1. The Rally/Race track Landscape
- 2. Pre-event forecasts of the KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
- 3. Pit stop Work SMART(ness) as per the rally or race track
- 4. Driver and Co-driver team SMART(ness)
- 5. 5R(s) SMART(ness) for a podium finish

CRITICAL INTERACTION DETERMINERS

ROAD SURAFCE
COVERINGS,
LIGHT / SHADE
ISSUES,
CURVES,
MEANDERS,
INCLINES,
BOTTLENECKS,
CLOSE PROXIMITY
REGIONS

SMART(ness):

SPECIFIC CRITICAL
INTERACTION FOR
MEETING NEED WITH
APPLICABLE INSIGHT
RESPONSE AND
TEMPERAMENT



Data sets



SPHERE
OF
CONTROL, FOCUS,
CAPABILITY AND
INGENUITY

TIME MOTION SCA;LE / POINT SLOPE INTERCEPTION

Sampling elements

Performance for a podium finish

CRITICAL INTERACTIONS

EXPECTED COMPETITIVENESS, **PROBABLE** INCIDENCE/HAZARD/ RISK/RULE COMPLIANCE, PRECISE DRIVING, **ENDURANCE** DRIVING, INTERCEPTING CURVES. **MANEUVERING** OPTIONS, RESPONSE, RAPID RESPONSE, **FLAGGING FOR PIT** STOP WINDOWS, **EMERGENCY** RESPONSE / SPECIFIC **NEEDS**

- Expert system SMART(ness) for data sets and virtual POINT SLOPE INTERCEPTION can make it simpler to identify the tangible correlation between drive performance dimensions of a rally/race track with the Drive to Performance Workflow to help and improve driving performance for a podium finish.
- This D2P Workflow plus D2P teamwork can
- Record-or-review,
- Relate,
- Reduce risk,
- Reciprocate response and
- Rally Resilience for a D2P RADIUS that happens to matter for a rally/race and its
 dimensions like the race track/road surface, distance, drive time, perform with
 reliability factors, where there is agile part-lifetime mitigation via strategic
 displays/condition monitoring/traceable fault tolerance/preventive and corrective
 action, where this new Workflow development can help a racing team categorize a
 D2P index for a rally/race track/TMS radius, where the index can be simply (1), (2), (3),
 (4) or combinations of them

- (1) D2PI1:= where this workflow will need to address History of interaction & <u>Foreseeable needs</u> and 5R(s)
- (2) D2PI2: = this workflow will need to address <u>Critical Interaction Zone</u> needs and 5R(s)
- (3) D2PI3: this workflow will need to address Road/Race-track dynamics and 5R(s)
- (4) D2PI4: this workflow will need to address Advanced AGILTY needs and 5R(s) (like air quality, rotational/unregulated acceleration, temperature/humidity, race track or road or terrain safety, with more than expected driving style for event roadmaps, reliability and performance and more than programmed drive distribution between the front and rear wheels as expected in 4WD modes)

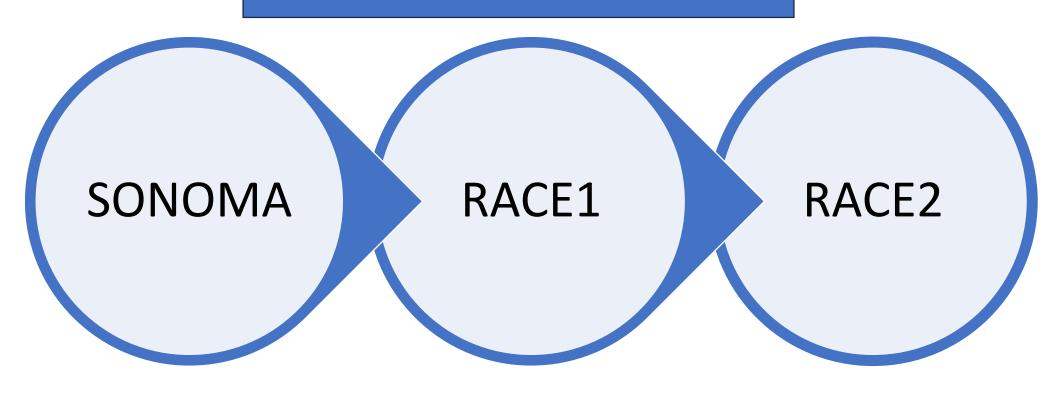
- The D2P Data Analysis Channel Building for a manufacturer, the driver and codriver team, the race-engineering team and the D2P Accentuator team for new or revised drive to performance dimensioning of the needed SMART(ness for a podium finish), will need to
- 1. Enable D2P strategy for performance for the race category
- 2. Develop D2P channelization for D2P lifecycles, workflows and teamwork
- 3. Provide and utilize D2P sampling elements for planning/incorporation
- 3. Manage / Innovate on D2P guided methodologies for TMS for performance to podium finish
- TMS: TIME MOTION SCALE

D2P Lifecycle and D2P Teamwork for the D2P Workflows

D2P Data Analytics and Drive Performance SMART(ness)



Channel Building strategy for Analytics



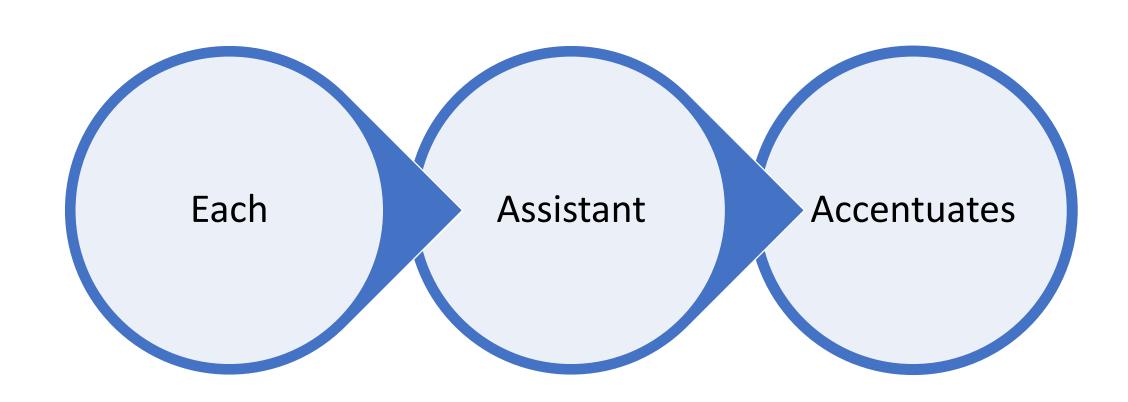
JUDGING CRITERIA incorporated – DATA SET ANALYSIS PROJECT/APPLICATION, SOLUTION DESIGN,
POTENTIAL AND TRIAD BASED IMPACT, QUALITY OF THE IDEA/GUIDED METHODOLGY PROMOTION FOR THE
DATA REVIEWED OR ANALYSIS POSSIBLE AND SHOWCASING

Baseline D2P guided methodologies

The following tabulation guides the driver and engineering team to perform for a podium finish, given the past and estimated changes to the DPD

Steps	Guided methodologies
D2P Management Index to D2P lifecycle	AOEC Data set Accentuating solutions
D2P Workflows and a Vehicle Condition, or Telemetry-or- Sensor-control Assistants	AOEC Data set Accentuating solutions
D2P Workflows and a TMS-Guiding-system Assistants	AOEC Data set Accentuating solutions
D2P Workflows and a Contingency-Plan Assistant	AOEC Data set Accentuating solutions
D2P Workflows and a Call-for-Mitigation-Plan Assistants	AOEC Data set Accentuating solutions
D2P Workflows and a D2P-Fencing System Assistant & Remote Management Assistant	AOEC Data set Accentuating solutions
The next few sections highlight the use of assistants to help performance for a podium finish	AOEC Data set Accentuating solutions

Vehicle Condition, or Telemetry-or-Sensor-control Assistants





Guidelines for Structural Body Work

Being Anywhere at Any time needs you to be sensitized towards structural body work that is as relevant to the Brand. Model and Variant of the vehicle). Most dealerships and service centres consider Accidental Body Work to be a mainstream issue, and allot specialists for the necessary work

Start by reviewing related principles for body work

- Body build to accommodate body shell assembling, body parts and pressings for front end, rear end, floor, sides etc
- **Strength** to withstand all types of forces like (weight of vehicle, driver, systems), (inertia, braking and side forces), (impact loads of reasonable magnitude)
- Stiffness to resist twisting on bad tracks and sagging in the middle
- Space (planned outline, adequacy for driver, improved power-to-weight ratio, costs for incorporation)
- Minimum Air drag during movement
- Resistance to corrosion (minimum moisture accumulation, material should be rust free and anti-corrosive)

Continue by reviewing important principles for body work

- Whether painting has been done in stages? Multi-part rust proofing treatment, surface epoxy priming, under body coating. Complete body base coat with special adhesion qualities with interim rubbing, washing, cleaning of surfaces to be painted
- Whether sealing has been done in stages after preparing clean and dry surfaces? For example Panel seams, floor plan to withstand stone pecking
- Whether there is Protection in normal driving or accident (specific to Vehicle dynamics Higher shock loads?)
- Whether there is Protection in normal driving or accident (specific to Visibility Eye position of driver, angle of visibility, spacing for seating, need for rearward visibility?)
- Whether there is Protection in accidents (specific to Effect of Collision Front, Rear, sides, tilt, roll over)
- Whether there is Protection in driving or collisions (There should be no items coming loose)
- Whether there is Protection in accidents (specific to Hertomatic Flashers and beepers ignition automatically turning off)

Continue by "material anti-quality" work estimation

- Whether the material used for body parts has been evaluated properly? Specific to reasons (such as ductility for fabrication, tension loading, minimum yield strength, density, elastic modulus, improved conductivity and weld-ability)
- Whether the material used for body pressings has been evaluated properly? Specific to reasons (such as heat treatment, formability, indentation resistance to complex twisting, fabric-ability, minimum yield strength, structural loading and failure strength, weld-ability, painting system requirements)
- Whether shatterproof glass material has been used where needed?
- Whether seat backs are in an upright position?
- Whether seat belts are functional? Are they non-retracting or automatically retractable depending upon ride experience? Whether the seat belt system works satisfactorily?
- Whether there is functional and right incorporation of head restraints?

We continue by anti-quality work estimation for the vehicle's body

- [] Are there issues with the vehicle design that affect the stability and performance of the vehicle
- [] Are there on-road-ride stability, and performance issues
- [] Are there issues with the vehicle manufacturing or customization
 - [] Are there important body work quality issues
- [] Are there important body part quality issues
- [] Are there ICE to EV / Hybrid conversion issues
- [] Are there crash impact mitigation issues
- [] Are there issues with past Maintenance, Repair and Tuning
- [] Are there cost for ownership issues

We review concerns with rules and regulations

- [] Are there RTO compliance issues
- [] Are there issues of violations or penalties being imposed
- [] Are there specific issue RTO or legal resolutions still ongoing

Category	Ok	Not Ok	Remarks
(A) Exteriors (Physical and Paint Condition)			
Body panel condition			
Body panel paint condition			
Teflon or Ceramic coating condition			
Free of body scratches			
Free of body dents			
Water resistant covers			
Fuel tank condition			
Dashboard / Speedometer condition			
Headlights focus/condition			
Taillights condition			
Indicators condition			
Brake lights condition			
Clutch condition			
Horn condition			
Choke condition			
Self-start condition			
Mirrors condition			

(B) Steering	Ok	Not Ok	Remarks
Vehicle does not drift to one side without prodding			
Vehicle is stable no shaking or vibrating			
No resistance in steering when turning			
No clicking or clanking when turning			
(C) Suspension			
Vehicle rests levelly			
When bouncing the tyres/wheels no creaking noises are heard			
All tyres/wheels respond the same on bouncing			
(D) Brakes			
Vehicle steers straight and does not pull to one side when applying brakes			
No grinding noises when applying brakes			
Wheels do not lock when applying anti-brake system (if applicable)			
Brakes functioning			

(E) Tyres	Ok	Not Ok	Remarks
Tyres are of a reputable brand			
Tyres are of the same make			
Tyres are free of any cuts, bubbles or cracks			
Tyres are worn evenly (uneven wear can indicate alignment and suspension problems)			
Spare tyre condition good (if applicable)			
(F) Frame			
Chassis is neither bent nor cracked			
No body part is bent nor cracked			
No petrol/diesel/oil leaks			
No signs of metal crumbling			
Frame condition is good			

(G) Interiors	Ok	Not Ok	Remarks
Seat unworn and free of cracks			
All gauges work			
No dashboard warning lights (remain illuminated)			
(H) Engine			
Mileage			
Vibration/Smooth running			
Free of oil or fluid leaks			
Free of odours when engine is running			
Exhaust pipe emissions are neither blue (indicates the engine burns oil) nor			
black (excessive oil consumption)			
Oil filler neck not coated with thick, black deposits			
Timing Belt condition			
Battery condition			
Battery terminals free of corrosion			
Battery Management System condition			

(I) Manual or standard transmission	Ok	Not Ok	Remarks
Each gear shifts smoothly			
Clutch works smoothly			
Clutch cable condition			
Adjustment / Other Clutch issues			
(J) Automatic transmission			
Transmission fluid looks clean, not dirty nor gritty (indicating no internal transmission problem)			
Transmission neither slips or delays while driving			

Stages that are common in any service done

- (1) Gathering and analysis of the vehicle sheet
- (2) Screening of details and completion of What-is-to-be-done analysis
- (3) Addition of any Design-out Maintenance, Preventive Maintenance and Corrective Maintenance
- (4) Decision making for any Seasonal Changeover in service operations
- (5) Estimation for work, labour, and materials
- (6) Inventory of Service Centre/Workshop assets, equipment, and systems for this brand/model/variant
- (7) Level of workmanship specific analysis and decision making / corrective action
- (8) Determination of Service Centre/Workshop capacity and Reservation
- (9) Detailing of Procurements and Job execution
- (10) Availability/Revision of brand/model/variant/service manuals, product/part/system references and documentation
- (11) Time, Motion, and Scale (TMS) findings for Service Design, Engagement, Scheduling, Operations, Training and Continual Education to improve cost of ownership, cost of service, cost of workmanship, quality assurance, and environment safety

- Design-out Maintenance (reviewed as a concept)
- Design-out maintenance is a strategy that aims for improvement, and its focus is the improvement of the vehicle-system design to reduce the maintenance burden or even eliminating maintenance altogether for any health parametrization.
- Re-designing of improved ergonomics of the vehicle and its systems is another prerogative of design-out maintenance.
- Management of safety related to the vehicle's crashworthiness and crash mitigation is also another area of design-out maintenance.

- Planned Maintenance (reviewed as a concept)
- Advantages
- 1. Conceived by organizational support structure
- 2. Easier planning of competencies
- 3. Easier Service Centre/ Workshop Management
- 4. Easier planning and scheduling of maintenance
- 5. Easier mechanism of ordering spares
- 6. Even distribution of costs
- 7. Easier mechanism for conducting trainings and skills improvement

- Preventive Maintenance (reviewed as a concept)
- Advantages
- 1. Increased part/component/system operational life or availability
- 2. Allows for pre-emptive corrective action
- 3. Decreases part/component/system downtime
- 4. Decrease in costs for parts, components, systems and labour
- 5. Better product quality
- 6. Improved vehicle and environmental safety
- 7. Improved brand value
- 8. Energy savings
- 9. Estimated 8 to 12% cost savings over simple maintenance and repair
- 10. Improved use of diagnostics
- 11. Improved staff expertise and skills

- Corrective Maintenance (reviewed as a concept)
- Characteristics
- 1. It is generally planned
- 2. Whether it is planned or unplanned, the maintenance activity takes place depending on the nature of the problem and the type of vehicle/model/variant
- 3. Work is taken up after the breakdown with some time tag
- 4. Breakdown maintenance should not include maintenance activities for loss of human life, unprecedented vehicle accidents. It applies when breakdown of a part/component/system in the vehicle does not affect the entire functioning of the vehicle, or is predictable and for expected failures

- Crash safety (reviewed as a concept)
- What are the three stages of a vehicle crash?
- There are three stages that take place: the vehicle collision, human collision, and internal (crash model specific combined) collision.
- What is crashworthiness of a vehicle?
- Vehicle crashworthiness is the science of focusing on protecting occupants involved in frontal, side, rear and rollover accident events through the utilization of various safety systems and safety principles. It is mainly important for 4 wheelers but has requirements in the 2 wheeler segment also.
- How is crashworthiness determined?
- Crashworthiness is measured after the fact by looking at injury risk in real-world crashes. Often, regression or other statistical methods are used to account for the many other factors that can affect the outcome of a crash.

- Crash safety (reviewed as a concept)
- What are the failure modes in crashworthiness?
- When the failure is involved, complex failure modes, such as fiber kinking, fiber breakage, matrix cracking, matrix buckling, and delamination, etc., always occur.
- What is the goal of crashworthiness?
- The goal of crashworthiness research is to reduce the risk of death or severe injury in the event of an accident by designing vehicles that can better protect their occupants.
- What are the parameters of crashworthiness?
- Parameters include energy absorption, mean crush force, specific energy absorption, and crush force efficiencies.

- Crash safety (reviewed as a concept)
- What are the different types of crash analysis?
- There are different types of crash simulations like full frontal, side, rear, rollover at vehicle level and like Crash Management System (CMS), seating, chassis or frame-component crash at system level.
- How do you calculate crash impact?
- The impact to your body in a crash is called crash force. Crash force is equal to your body weight multiplied by the speed of the vehicle.
- What is the crash severity prediction model?
- Crash severity prediction models enable various agencies to predict the severity of a crash to gain insights into the factors that affect or are associated with crash severity.

• 1.a Type of vehicle (Tick as applicable): (2W/4W/EV/Hybrid)	
• 1.b Vehicle details:	
• 2. Incident details:	
• Date:	Time:
• Summary:	
• 2.a Reason (foremost):	
• [] Driver factors [] Vehicle system [] Other factors	
• 2.b Summary:	

• 2.c Injury to:
• [] Driver [] Co-passengers [] Others
• 2.d Nature of injury:
• [] Death
• [] Grade of injury
• Details:
• [] Connected hazard
• Details:

• 3. Nature	of interest in <u>Cr</u>	ash Safety Assessment	
• [] Crasl	h analysis	[] Crash worthiness	[] Crash protection
• Details:			
•			
• 4. Type of	collision:		
• [] Fron	tal [] Rear [Side [
• Details:			

• 5. Crash protection mechanism (details as part of the vehicle manual): Front Crash Guard/Bumper [] Rear Crash Guard/Bumper [] Other Guards • [] Crash Management System (CMS) Accessories • [] Chassis/Frame/Vehicle Body | Vehicle Engine System Wheels and Tyres (ABS, anti-skid proof, puncture proof) Seating Special Crash Management System (CMS) Accessories

- 6. Helpful Crash Protection features (details as part of the vehicle manual):
- [] Reliable crash worthiness mechanisms
- [] Safe mitigation of Crash impact / severity
- [] Effective (Design led) Crash Prediction Model
- [] Inadequate protection / crash worthiness

- 7. Contributing Driver factors for incidence:
- [] Vehicle malfunction
- [] Poor vehicle condition
- [] Human error
- [] Driver negligence
- [] Unfit to drive
- [] Over speeding
- [] Wrong side entry/driving

- 7. Contributing Driver factors for incidence:
- [] Poor road condition
- [] Poor road systems/infrastructure
- [] RTO / GoI Rule violations
- [] No proper seat belts
- [] No proper mirrors
- [] No proper lights
- [] No proper indicators
- [] No proper horn

• 8. Requirements for crash management / crash worthiness

• 9. Manufacturer / Dealer network enabled Simulations to understand crash worthiness:

• 10. Recommendations for crash management / crash worthiness

• 11. Complaints/Grievances for crash management / crash worthiness

• 12. Feedback for crash management / crash worthiness

• 13. Comments:

Guidelines for STRUCTURAL BODY WORK

- To manage your vehicle and travel better, review concepts like
- (1) An **online** / **organizational database** for customers to record/manage/track nature of work done on vehicle with details of parts replacement, electric systems/parts, ECM/ECU, Battery, Battery Management System etc where the warranty is covered all over India through authorized Service Centres
- (2) A **Helpline programme** where services of Road Side Assistance and Accidental repairs are provided with vehicle pickup from any location and drop off to the nearest Service Centre

•



Guidelines for Automotive Mechanics for decision making as to whether the

[] vehicle needs to be pulled off the road

[] vehicle needs cost effective repairs to be on-road

[] Abnormal noise check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Air filter check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Battery electrolyte level check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs top-up or refilling/Needs replacement
[] Blinkers, bulbs and head lamps check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Bolts and Nuts tightening check (engine specific)
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement

[] Bolts and Nuts tightening check (front and rear shock absorbers)
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Bolts and Nuts tightening check (front and rear tyres)
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Brake fluid level check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs top-up or refilling/Needs replacement
[] Brake disc condition check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement

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[] Brake drum and lining check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Brake liners or pads check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Carburettor check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Chassis or body condition check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement

[] Clutch Pedal Play
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Coolant level check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs top-up or refilling/Needs replacement
[] Differential oil check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs top-up or refilling/Needs replacement
[] Drive belts tension check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Drive shafts check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Engine oil level check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs top-up or refilling/Needs replacement

[] Entire electricity cables and connections check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Exhaust system check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Fuel Lines Pipes Leakage check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Fuse box and fuses check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Gear Box oil check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs top-up or refilling/Needs replacement

[] Hoses, clamps and pipes check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Idling and proper acceleration check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Lubrication chart check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Power steering oil check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement

[] Seat and seat bolts check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Steering mechanism and play check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Suspension front and rear check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Tappet clearance check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Transmission oil check
Condition: Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs top-up or refilling/Needs replacement

[] Trans-axle and axle check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Tyre condition check (rotate if necessary)
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Tyre pressure check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs refilling/Needs replacement
[] Cranking/engine sound check while being started (rotate if necessary)
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement

[] Universal joints and slip joints sheck
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Vehicle pulling, Left wheel / Right wheel wobbling check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement
[] Wheel alignment and balancing check
Condition; Ok/Problematic but will function/Needs maintenance/Needs repair/Needs replacement



Noises (Engine, Crank, Piston, Valve Train)
Pre-ignition problems
Engine will not crank
[] Engine cranks slowly but does not start (related to ICE vehicles)
Overheating of engine
] Excessive smoke
] Loss of coolant
Oil pressure problem

1. Guidelines for possible Engine noises	Source or Cause possibly
Tap sound	Improper adjustment of Valve clearance
Rattle sound	Loose or broken components like piston rings
Light knocking	Small end bearings worn out
Deep knocking	Big end bearings worn out
Irregular heavy knocking	Loose fly wheel
Rumble noise	Main bearings worn out
Slapping noise	Worn out piston or bores
Vibrating sounds	Loose fittings of components
Clatter noise	Broken rocker shaft or broken piston rings
Hiss sound	Leak from inlet or exhaust manifolds or connections
Roar sound	Air filter malfunctioning noise, Air filter failure
Clunking sound	Loose fly wheel, worn out thrust bearing, loose damper pulley
Whining sound	Malfunction in power steering or alternate bearings
Shrieking sound	Dry bearings in ancillary components
Squealing	Slipping drive belt
Snapping sound on engine overhauling	Tight fitting of piston rings

Starved sound with high -speed acceleration noise on starting -

Timing belt problems

2. Guidelines for possible Crank noises

Source or Cause possibly

Excessive clearance in main bearings

Main journals out of alignment

Excessive axial play in crank shaft

Low oil pressure

Unbalanced crank shaft

Loose fly wheel

Loose fitting of main journals and main bearing caps

Improper seating of thrust bearings

Loose damper pulley

Excessive play in main journal bearings

Timing belt problems

3. Guidelines for possible Piston noises (sharp noises while at idling speed)

Source or Cause possibly

Excessive side clearance

Loose fitting in small end bearing

Bent connecting rod

More clearance between piston pin and boss

4. Guidelines for possible Valve Train Noise

Source or Cause possibly

Improper adjustment of valve clearance

Bent push rod

Worn out rocker arm and valve tip

Warped valve

Carbonized or scored valve stems

Excessive clearance between valve stem and valve guide

Worn out or broken valve spring

Improper valve timing

Worn out cam lobes

Broken or damaged valve lifter

Loose fitting of adjustment screw and nut for valve tappet clearance

5. Guidelines for Pre-ignition problems (deposits in combustion chambers and/or on spark plugs)

Experience - poor acceleration, engine roughness and reduced top speed Source or Cause possibly

Clogging of carburettor jets

Improper idling

Loose fitting of spark plugs

Improved driving / Maintaining constant speed when possible

6. Guidelines for Causes for the Engine to not crank or fully start

Source or Cause possibly

Defective starting motor

Defective battery

Loose connection of battery wire and starting motor wire

Fly wheel problem needing servicing

Worn out teeth of fly wheel

Slow running of armature shaft

Timing belt problems

7. Guidelines for the Causes for the Engine to crank slowly but does not start	
Source or Cause possibly	
Defective fuel pump	
Fuel line blocked	
Fuel filter blocked	
Defective Fuel pump	
Air lock or air may be present in fuel line	
Less Fuel in tank	
Air cleaner blocked	
Defective fuel injector	
Worn out valves and springs in pump	
What can cause Over heating of engine Source or Cause possibly	
Loose fan belt	
Radiator blocked or surface area reduction	
Radiator tubes blocked	
Improper opening of thermostat valve	
Hose pipes blocked	
Coolant pump malfunctioning	
Coolant jackets and hoses may be clogged	
Head gasket seating improper	
Coolant level low	
Leakage of coolant from radiator	
Early or late ignition problem	
Clutch slipping	
Brake jamming or drag	
Tight wheel bearings	

8. Guidelines for what can cause Excessive smoke (Black)

Source or Cause possibly

Choked Air filter

Fuel injection pump not properly calibrated

Defective injector

Defective governor diaphragm

Incorrect valve clearance

Poor compression

9. Guidelines for what can cause Excessive smoke (Blue)

Source or Cause possibly

Sticky or broken piston rings

Worn out cylinder bores

Weak compression

Oil level in oil sump not proper

Mixing of lubricating oil with fuel

Improper grade engine oil

Improper grade lubricating oil

10. Guidelines for what can cause Excessive smoke (White)

Source or Cause possibly

Defective valve seating

Fuel injection pump not properly calibrated

Delay between injection and combustion of fuel

More unburnt fuel

Low operating temperature

11. Guidelines for what causes the Loss of coolant

Source or Cause possibly

Radiator leakage

Hose pipe leakage

Loose drain plug or drain plug leakage

Oil seal damaged for pump

Leaky or faulty head gasket

Damaged or cracked pump casing

Improper or Loose or damaged thermostat or valve packing

Faulty or missing radiator cap

Crack in cylinder block

Engine overheating

12. Guidelines for Oil pressure problems (No reading)

Source or Cause possibly

No oil in sump or reservoir

Oil gauge not functioning properly

Faulty oil pump

Faulty valve or valve spring

Loose connection or Faulty pressure gauge

Leakage of oil

13. Guidelines for Oil pressure problems (low pressure reading)

Source or Cause possibly

Less oil in sump or reservoir

Oil Filter clogged

Faulty or worn out oil pump

Faulty or broken valve spring

Faulty or slack main bearings

Leakage of oil

14. Guidelines for Oil pressure problems (high pressure reading)

Source or Cause possibly

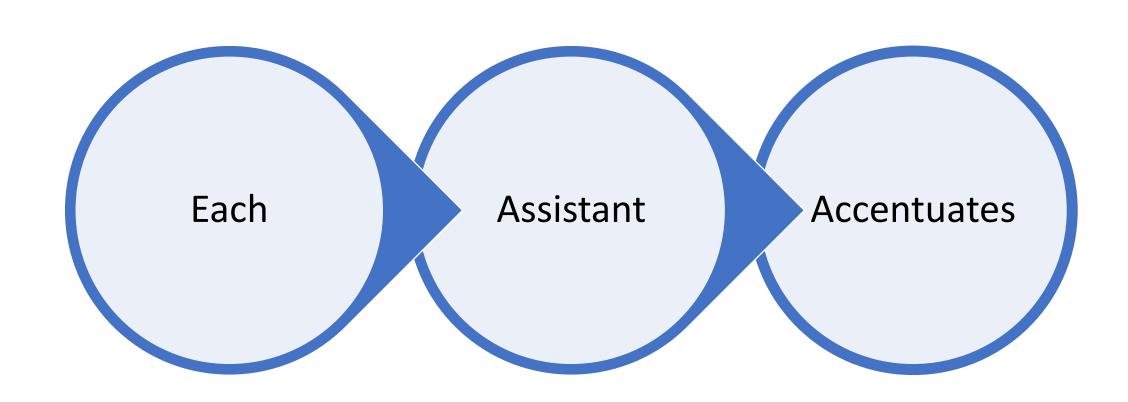
Oil lines clogged

Faulty or broken valve

Faulty or defective pressure gauge

High viscosity or improper grade oil

TMS-Guiding-system Assistants – Driver Fitness





Driver Fitness while at the wheel

Contents

- 1. Self-acknowledgement of driver fitness
- 2. Continual undertaking for driving
- 3. Continual awareness of mandatory race/rally hazards
- 4. Continual awareness of cautionary race/rally hazards
- 5. Continual awareness of warning race/rally hazards
- 6. Continual awareness of adherence to norms for fatigued/drowsy driving
- 7. Fitness report for a race/rally/track
- 3. Fitness ticket for a race/rally/track

The acknowledgement of driver fitness can be done via the race /rally organizing network.

What are the hazardous factors for the race/rally/track (where the applicability differs)?

There are many different factors such as

- 1. Sudden bends or curves where it is not possible to ensure clear visibility
- 2. Needing immediate repair roads/tracks with or without signs
- 3. Sudden vehicle/vehicles stopping with or without signs
- 4. Sudden crossings with or without signs
- 5. Sudden Speed regulators with or without signs
- 6. Sudden Medians or missing Barricades with or without signs
- 7. Unexpected road/track surface deterioration

What are the hazardous factors for race/rally/track (where the applicability differs)?

- 8. Poorly maintained septic systems
- 9. Racing guidelines or rules violators and lack of driving norms
- 10. Rally/Race/Track Hotspots
- 11. Lack of self-assessments of driver fitness with rally/race/track guidance
- 12. Lack of feedback systems that alert or mitigate risks and hazards
- 13. Controlling of undue deviations in driving or undue colliding
- 14. Google Map inconsistencies for real world road system/race factors.
- 15. Google Map's limited awareness of road fitness or relevance for the rally/race and any in location codification etc.

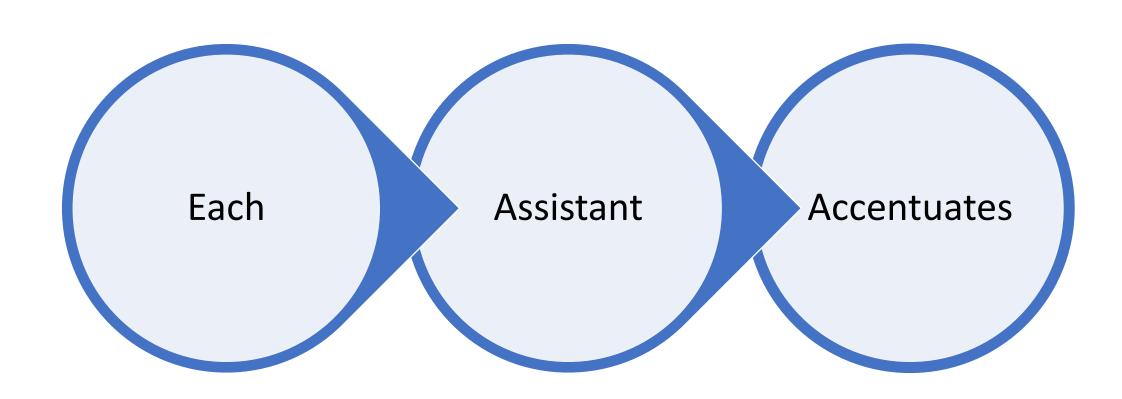
Continual undertaking for driving (Tick as applicable)

☐ I am not under the influence of alcohol & will not consume any while driving
☐ I am not under the influence of drugs & will not use any while driving
☐ I am as deemed physically fit to drive
☐ I am as deemed mentally fit to drive
☐ I will adhere to the rule of fastening seatbelts
☐ I will adhere to the rule of wearing protective headgear (driver & co-driver)
☐ I am driving a vehicle of permissible weight (as mentioned in the license/cleared to race assessment)
☐ I am aware and will comply with the duty of the driver to stop or remain stationery (when required to do so by a race/rally officer in uniform, an alarmed driver/co-driver or unmanageable vehicle, or when there is an accident
☐ I am aware and will comply with the duty of the driver in case of an accident and injury to a person/person(s) (exceptions only as mentioned in the rules and regulations for the race/rally)

Continual awareness of warning signs (Tick as applicable)

☐ Yawning
☐ Inability to keep eyes open
☐ Talking incoherently or inability to respond to questions from assisting team co-drivers
☐ "Nodding off" and trouble keeping your head up
☐ Inability to remember driving the last few laps
☐ Ending up too close to nearby cars
☐ Missing race/rally/track signs or guided turns
☐ Drifting into other lanes or onto rumble strips

TMS-Guiding-system Assistants



Lap/PSW edition Identification and Configuration Details

- Lap / Track Name:Lap Id:
- PSW Edition: PSW Id:
- Lap Edition:
- Drive experience highlight:

Drive experience focus/capability:

- Estimated drive time remaining (by track / by observation+):
- Estimated DPD needs (in terms of):
- Estimated type of driving / critical interactions:

Current / Estimated condition or history:

 Flagging of DPD issues/emergency responses/special needs: Yes/No

• Estimated Road surface / Race track type:

• Estimated Critical interaction details:

• (CIZ) Estimated Critical Interaction Zone details

Nature of performance / response expected:

Performance OK/Clearances from current PSW:

Performance Overheads/Failures by current PSW:

 Performance with next possible repair/replacement/ maintenance by current PSW.

- PSW Edition Sampling, Inspection or Maintenance schedule (tabulation):
- Log date/time: Log Id:
- Carried out by:
- Details of work carried out (as relevant to the case)
- (a-1) Visual and Flagged inspection
- Details:

- PSW Inspection or Maintenance schedule (tabulation):
- (a-2) Vehicle Parts / Systems Assessment (as per CIZ and related conditions)
- Details:

- (a-3) Pit stop Window and Closer inspection by race engineering/ race expert (as applicable)
- [Details:

• (b) D2P Preventive maintenance details (as applicable)

• (c) D2P Corrective maintenance details (as applicable)

• (d-1) D2P Front end 5R(s) / Driver experience 5R(s)

• (d-2) D2P Back end 5R(s) / Race engineering 5R(s)?

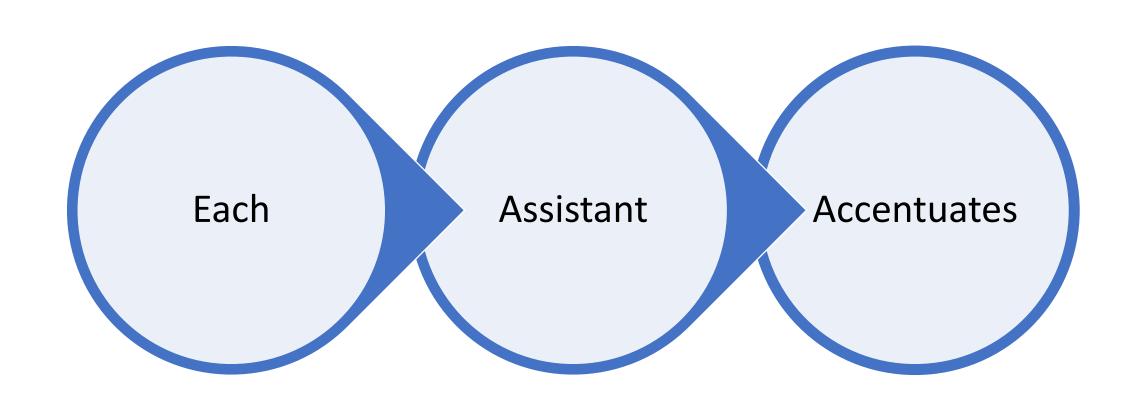
- (d-4) PSW / Incidence management back to the track details (as applicable)
- Details:

- (e) Lead/Lag, Drive experience or performance issue-mitigation details (as applicable)
- Details:

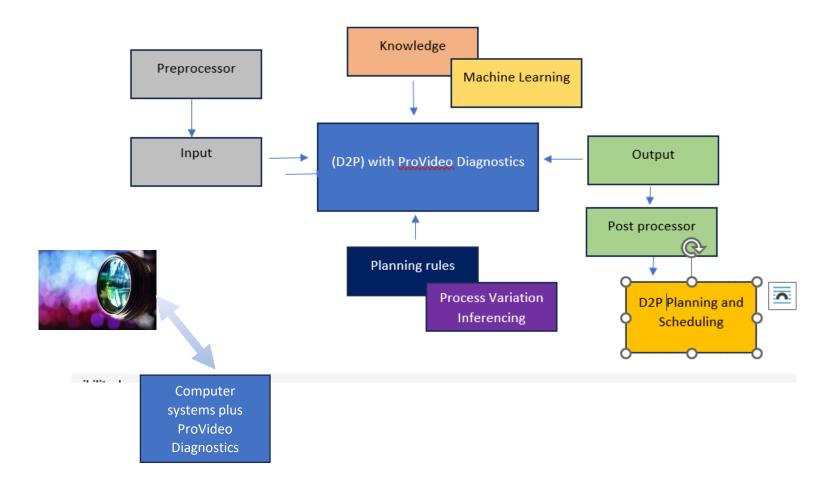
- (f) Safety advisory (as relevant to the case):
- (a) Dos

• (b) Donts

TMS-Guiding-system D2PVideo Assistants



- Use Python and Machine Learning to perform D2P video comparison for diagnostics and troubleshooting (D&T)
- The D&T scope is exploratory and will crystallize with the implementation



Performance for a podium finish

- AOEC finds that instrumentally, the Data to Performance (D2P) Lifecycle must define a
- workflow for accentuating
- 1. The Rally/Race track Landscape
- 2. Pre-event forecasts of the KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
- 3. Pit stop Work SMART(ness) as per the rally or race track
- 4. Driver and Co-driver team SMART(ness)
- 5. 5R(s) SMART(ness) for a podium finisl

CRITICAL INTERACTION DETERMINERS

ROAD SURAFCE
COVERINGS,
LIGHT / SHADE
ISSUES,
CURVES,
MEANDERS,
INCLINES,
BOTTLENECKS,
CLOSE PROXIMITY
REGIONS

SMART(ness):

SPECIFIC CRITICAL INTERACTION FOR MEETING NEED WITH APPLICABLE INSIGHT RESPONSE AND TEMPERAMENT



Computer systems plus ProVideo Diagnostics

Data sets



SPHERE
OF
CONTROL, FOCUS,
CAPABILITY AND
INGENUITY

TIME MOTION SCA;LE / POINT SLOPE INTERCEPTION

Sampling elements

Performance for a podium finish

CRITICAL INTERACTIONS

EXPECTED COMPETITIVENESS. **PROBABLE** INCIDENCE/HAZARD/ RISK/RULE COMPLIANCE, PRECISE DRIVING, **ENDURANCE** DRIVING, INTERCEPTING CURVES. **MANEUVERING** OPTIONS, RESPONSE, RAPID RESPONSE, **FLAGGING FOR PIT** STOP WINDOWS. **EMERGENCY** RESPONSE / SPECIFIC **NEEDS**

- The proposed solution will be based on 3 fundamental stages, that is
- 1. Process
- 2. Diagnose
- 3. Classify
- The Process stage of the solution
- 1. Process (being sampled)
- The Process stage will enable a PODIUM D2P master and REALTIME D2P candidate video to be played in 2 different panes to check quality or eligibility, or played and captured as (snapshot) frames, where the frames are stored in specific master and candidate folders for these frames to be later reviewed, diagnosed and classified
- The code for comparing images of a candidate video image with a PODIUM master video image has been tested using the sift implementation available in cv2

The Diagnose stage of the solution

2. Diagnose (to be sampled)

The Diagnose stage will use a PODIUM D2P master folder and REALTIME D2P candidate folder of master and candidate video (snapshot) frames.

On the selecting of a master video frame, it will be used for training, diagnosis and associated comparisons. If a candidate video frame does not comply with the conformity of the benchmarked master video frame, then the candidate frame will be copied into the C-Frames-not-ok sub folder for further deep learning/classification. If a candidate video frame does comply with the conformity of a benchmarked master video frame, then the candidate frame will be copied into the C-Frames-ok sub folder under K-Nearest Neighbour distance pretexts

- The Classify stage of the solution
- 3. Classify (to be sampled)
- The candidate video and candidate video frames that are not conformant in comparison with the benchmark master video and master video frames, will be specifically used for deep learning of the issues seen or for classification that permits in-sync problem resolution.
- The feature of deep learning will evolve with the scope of the project/solution

ProVideo Diagnostics, Inferencing and Learning based classification (highlight)

Classification based on D2P drive expectation/in-vehicle computer vision (basic or integrated)

Classification based on D2P Flow Analysis

Based on D2P Rally/Race/Track Index classification and D2P Panel coding scheme

Based on a Discrete Events System

Rally/Race/Track Index classification and D2P panel coding scheme (highlight)

D2P Driver attributes		
D2P Co-driver attributes		
D2P drive expectation attributes		
D2P panel coding scheme basis		
D2P Vehicle-CLASS system		
D2P (DPD-CLASS) system		
Vehicle Spec Sheet based Code system		

Discrete Events System (highlight)

+‡+		
D2P drive experience Planning Driver and Co-Driver D2P Vehicle Spec Sheet Resource Allocation		
Drive experience and sequencing		
Setup time		
	Vehicle Running time	
Drive performance evaluation time Lap Time		
		DPD management level
	D2P Flow efficiency	

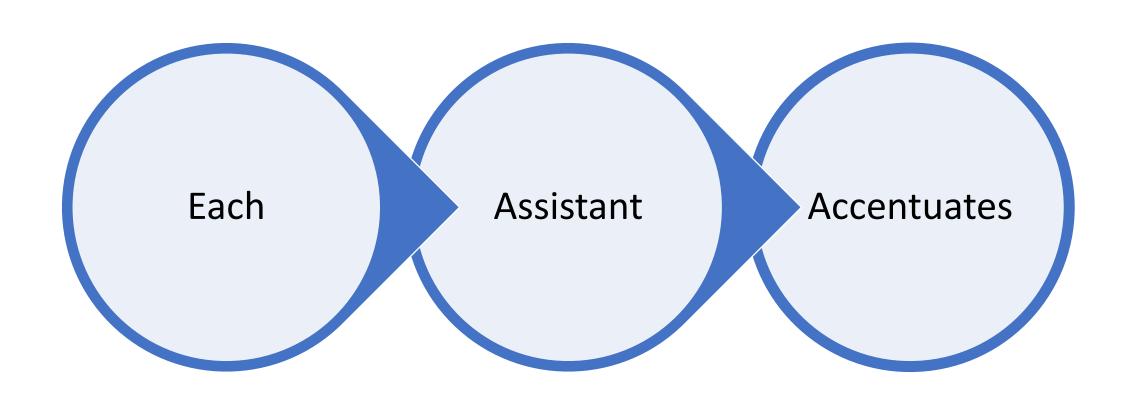
D2P drive experience Planning (highlight)

Capability of understanding and analysis of DPD characteristics		
Knowledge about Vehicle-CLASS, DPD-CLASS and D2P Vehicle Spec Sheet Resource		
characteristics		
Capability of understanding of inter-dependencies between		
DPD characteristics-D2P process-D2P Quality-Lap TMS efficiency		
Multiple calculation and measurement abilities		
Relevant D2P Vehicle Spec Sheet Resource Allocation of		
Men, Machines, Materials, Measurement and control systems, Machine learning systems		
Legibility of D2P flow involvement		
Ability to incorporate other DPD needs/functions/applications/Track index programmes		

D2P Efficiency based comparison, inferencing and learning factors (highlight)

DZP Efficiency based	comparison, interencing and learning factors (nightight)
	D2P (Drive to perform) Setup
DRIVE PERI	FORMANCE DIMENSIONING (DPD) FACTORS
	D2P Teamwork
	D2P real-time Flexibility
Effici	ent D2P driving time for laps of importance
Pit	stop window time for laps of importance
	2P lead/lag costs for laps of importance
D2F	Race/Rally/Track LAPS DPD-Efficiency
D2F	Race/Rally/Track Finish DPD Efficiency
	ce/Rally/Track LAPS DPD Lead/Lag Queuing
	Rally/Track LAPS DPD Automation Efficiency
	ce/Rally/Track LAPS DPD Future expectation
D2	P Race/Rally/Track LAPS DPD-Quality
D2F	Race/Rally/Track LAPS DPD-Inspection
	ally/Track LAPS DPD-Panelling and Codification
D2P R	ace/Rally/Track LAPS DPD-REPI utilization
	D2P Flow control
D2P R	ace/Rally/Track Lead/Lag time management
	D2P DPD-Engineering changes
	D2P DPD-Open-environment changes

Contingency Plan Assistant





Guided Vital Health Contingency Plan Assistant

Healthcare group for quality of life: Educated family/Partially Educated family/Uneducated family/Other requirements

Weight: Normal/Under-weight/Overweight/Needs monitoring/Do not know

Blood picture diagnostics: Normal/Susceptible/Needs monitoring/Do not know

Blood sugar diagnostics: Normal/Low/High/Needs monitoring/Do not know

Blood pressure diagnostics: Normal/Low/High/Needs monitoring/Do not know

Cardio-vascular function diagnostics: Normal/Diagnosis available/Susceptible/Needs monitoring/Do not know

Liver function diagnostics: Normal/Diagnosis available/Susceptible/Needs monitoring/Do not know

Renal function diagnostics: Normal/Diagnosis available/Susceptible/Needs monitoring/Do not know

DNA/RNA (mutation) diagnostics: Normal/Diagnosis available/Needs monitoring/Do not know

Auto-immune system diagnostics: Normal/Diagnosis available/Needs monitoring/Do not know

Recording details of any specific Emergency Response Healthcare provider to call



Contingency Plan Assistant

While on-road or on-the-track, do you know what to do for

- ☐ Heart Attack symptoms
- ☐ Blood sugar level changes
- ☐ Blood pressure level changes
- ☐ Cuts/Wounds (severe)
- **□** Burns
- ☐ Fractures
- ☐ Respiratory problems
- ☐ Allergic reactions
- ☐ Climate related illnesses
- ☐ Alpha Assistance for afflicted or impaired co-passengers





Contingency Plan Assistant

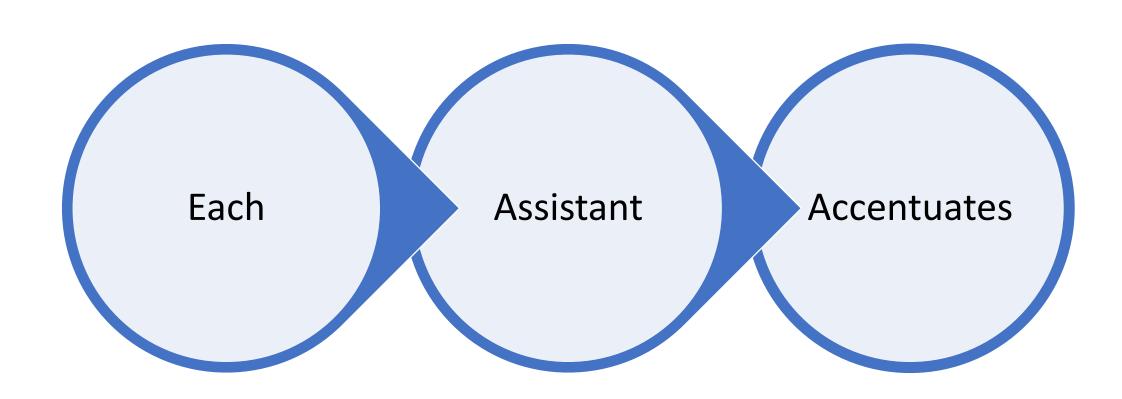
When on-road or on-the-track, do you know what to do for

- ☐ Snake bites
- ☐ Electric shocks
- ☐ Bites
- ☐ Stings
- ☐ Fires
- ☐ Heat waves
- ☐ Cold waves
- ☐ Severe concern for the afflicted co-passengers
- ☐ Alpha Assistance in Emergencies
- ☐ Alpha Assistance in Vehicle Breakdowns
- ☐ Alpha Assistance in Due Relief measures



Recording details of any Emergency Response Healthcare Provider to call

Call-for-Mitigation Assistants



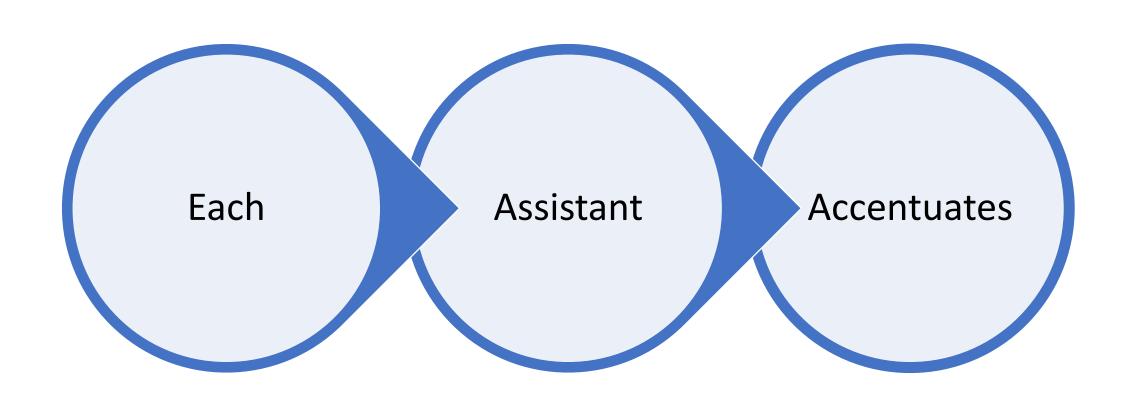
- Emergency / Specific Needs/ Failure / Hazards Assessment Report (as a baseline)
- 1. Has any unclear drive experience flagging been done?
- 2. Are there history of interaction based performance issues?
- 3. Are there any newer performance issues?
- 4. Are there any failure or emerging failure issues?

- 5. Are there detached parts or hanging parts?
- 6. Has the body work been affected?
- 7. Are there engine problems?
- 8. Are there attached systems/parts problems?
- 9. Have any parts/components fallen of?
- 10. Have adjacent drivers reported any sightings or issues?

- 11. Have any parts degraded or developed premature failure patterns?
- 12. Have any wires/connections/cables been affected or have any connections separated?
- 13. Has the location of sensors changed/shifted due to drive experience/issues?

- 14. After the last pit stop work (PSW), are there any new issues/problems/changes in driving
- If the answer is yes to any of the relevant questions, then the D2P team may need to rethink strategy/estimations/actions.
- We are work in progress for the Dev Post submission, but expect to complete by the deadline of Nov 25,2025

D2P-Fencing System Assistant & Remote Management Assistant





Safer Driving while rallying or racing Contents

- 1. Acknowledging road system/track KPI(s)
- 2. Designing road system/track KPI(s)
- 3. Nature of planning
- 4. Nature of congestion
- 5. Stabilizing aspects
- 6. Probable Hazards
- 7. Associated Planning
- 8. Traffic Management Advisory
- 9. Fuel Consumption (Causative)
- 10. Associated Traffic Management

Acknowledging the need for road system/track KPI(s)

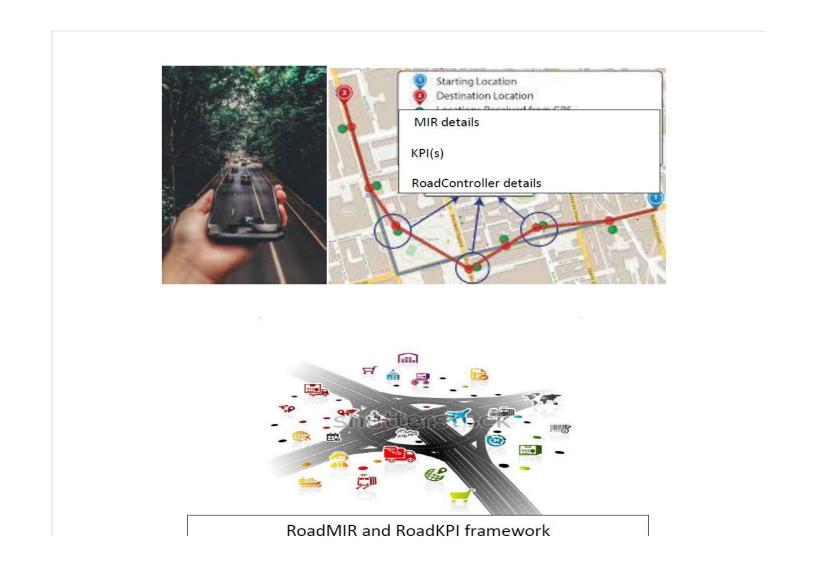
Designing Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for connected road systems/tracks to help a race engineering/organizing network improve the imperative of safer driving, can be done SMARTLY via a notifier.

This input does consider that organizers have taken multiple steps to aid in good route and layout planning with expected drive to perform guide-lining and condition improvement, restoration or maintenance like the use of modern engineering tools such as GIS, which have been used to digitize road/track inventory and road/track history of all Arterial, Sub-arterial, Main or Side roads or event based routes.

The given template helps improve driver safety & risk mitigation by associating certain key indicators for a road/track, a stretch, a route, a ring road system or a lap designed system.

It is expected that a specialized "**REPI Safety panel**" can collect (either via the race engineering teams/ driver and codriver teams directly or via the race engineering / organizing networks & its delegated representatives) different details about those roads, stretches, routes, ring road systems or lap designed systems that are part of a rally/race/track.

These details can be used by the Concerned Civic Bodies, Rally/Race/Track Traffic Guides, Risk / Hazards Level/REPI Controllers and Emergency Response & Disaster Mitigation Guides for **intervention**, **incidence mitigation and resolution**.



DESIGNING ROAD/TRACK KPI(s)

Road system/Track name:	Road system/Track Id:			
REPI Safety Account id:				
Date of submission:	Time of submission:			
Mapping from:	Mapped till:			
Mapping pending:				
Type of road system/track: Road/Stretch/Route/Ring road/Lap designed track				

Type of transportation that uses road system/track: Public transport/Private transport/Pooled transport/Personal transport/Priority transport/dedicated for rallying or racing transport

Added commuting systems: Overhead Metro/Underground Subway/Tram

Current Risk / Health: Acceptable/Other reports/Do not know

Health details: ...

Associated images (to be shared in.jpeg format with details on location):

Key Performance indicators (KPI(s))

Key Performance indicators can help a Race engineering team, Driver and Co-driver team, Race organizing network, REPI Safety panel and different management entities record and use information to manage issues and help reduce problems associated with races/rallies/tracks.

Nature of planning (Rated as a crucial influencer):

- () **Design standards compliance** (width of road/track, margins for pillars, gradient designs, curves designs, median designs, arboriculture safety, vehicle and driver safety, safe commuting between 2 points/pit stop windows, reasonable time taken to travel from one point to another, enablers for vehicles that use renewable energy)
- () Accountability for Traffic factors (speed standards set for road systems/tracks, reaction time based on PIEV*, navigation standards, safe stopping sight distance, safe overtaking or passing, safe sight distance for entry into any associated intersections, feedback systems)
- () Accountability for Environment factors (sentinel screening and risk mitigation for unforeseen snow fall, hailstorms, heavy rainfall, thunder storm and lightning arrestors, ease of maintenance despite severe weather conditions)
- () Maintenance Systems reliability (proper design out maintenance, risk mitigation & maintenance, inspection and maintenance of extensions, gradient-design validation, policy for emergency services, policy for disaster management services)
- () Quality of associated Drainage systems (design and implementation after consideration of water table, sub-grade soil, reinforced earth, nature of geo-grids that are to be used in the road/track construction, management of seepage flow & capillary rise, reliable impervious wearing surface of road/track with aggregators and binders)

Nature of planning (Rated as a crucial influencer):

- () Quality of race signalling systems ("(Google Earth related) satellite imagery, or drone flight imagery or sentinel sensor feedback based" Risk Mitigation Desk notifications and proactive responses by the rally/race/track event management network, by nature of design "intelligent signaling solutions" that decide as to how event traffic/vehicles have to be managed or routed in case there is a disaster, accident, or in a case where part of the road or road system or track is rendered unusable)
- () Satisfactory Emergency Response planning (Equipped with signage and barricade deployment, contact numbers for nearest "ambulance services, hospital, police station, fire department, disaster management department", availability of first aid provisions, equipped with fire extinguishers & fire fighting facilities, equipped with smoke alarm systems, equipped with sentinel sensors, has (futuristic infrastructure) clearance for air lift to save life)

PIEV* stands for –Driver / Co-driver-Assisted Perception time, Intellection time, Emotion time, Volition (Final action) time

Nature of congestion (Rated as important negative influences):

- () Perennial road/route/track layout limitation
- () Seasonal road/route/track layout congestion
- () Time-based road/route/track layout congestion
- () Incidence specific road/route/track layout congestion
- () Rally/Race Event Assisting Traffic specific congestion
- () Response to incidence / incidental movement specific congestion
- () Congestion due to other influences

Stabilizing aspects (Rated as positive influences):

- () Has a REPI Safety Specification
- () Has satellite images
- () Included in Google maps
- () Is of good quality
- () Has multiple-lanes / pull over to the side layouts
- () Has sensor-enabled medians or bordering barricades
- () Has reliable rally/race/track assisting signals
- () Has (futuristic infrastructure) Climate Change sensors
- () Accountable rally/race/track intervention possible at location
- () Not in close proximity to industries
- () Not in close proximity to rivers and other rainfall affected water bodies,

Stabilizing aspects (Rated as positive influences):

- () Has storm water drains
- () Has well maintained septic systems
- () Not affected by festivities
- () No layout sidewalks
- () No encroachment
- () No alteration
- () Not sidelined by trees
- () No afflicted by dumping of industrial waste
- () Not afflicted by dumping of public waste
- () Has a proper sewage system

Probable Hazards (Rated as very important negative influences):

- () Is an inter-link for other roads or routes or laps etc
- () Is in close proximity to neighboring states
- () Is in probable or escalated tension areas
- () Is a sensitive area (where satellite imagery a threat)
- () Is in close proximity to an industrial cluster
- () With curving meanders
- () Has a steep incline with improper entry or exit
- () Has underlying dangerous landforms
- () Is in close proximity to dangerous landforms
- () Has a history of unattended degraded areas
- () Has degraded areas
- () Is sidelined by less maintained trees

Probable Hazards (Rated as very important negative influences):

() Is in close proximity to rivers and other rainfall affected water bodies
() Is in close proximity to marshes or swamps
() Is part of a bridge or connects to a bridge
() No storm water drains
() Has poorly maintained septic systems
() Afflicted by incidences of bottlenecks
() Is difficult to manage via surveillance
() Is prone to sudden risk/hazard/rush (due to lack of surveillance/being a remote location/ lack of rally/race/track signals/lack o lighting)
() Is prone to accidents (due to lack of sufficient planning for vehicle and driver/assisting team safety)

Associated planning, risk mitigation, condition management, repair and/or restoration programmes

The addressing of problems is either well-planned or not well-planned, where the following indicators can help identify issue levels for the commuter:

Planned (Rated as positive influences)

- () Forecast based () REPI Desk / Control Room based
- () In time surveillance based

Not well-planned (Rated as very important negative influence)

- () Only reciprocal (where problems are addressed in a reactive manner)
- () Only when problems are escalated
- () Only when more grievances are reported

Associated planning, risk mitigation, condition management, repair and/or restoration programmes

Signage deployed to mitigate risks to drivers or assisting teams

- () Road/Track regulations or signs identifying safety norms (one-way or two-way routes, permitted timings, speed limits, rules for vehicle and assisting team safety, rules about overtaking, rules against cutting lanes, rules for pulling over, signage about low visibility zone, low height clearance and vehicle gross weight / load levels)
- () **Signage for accident relief, emergency response and assistance** (like contact information for the nearest "ambulance services, hospital, police station, fire department, disaster management department", associated civic body or REPI panel)
- () Signage and barricades for bends/curves/meanders/and septic systems
- () Signage with precautionary and must know information about ring road, flyover, bridge, tunnel, subway, metro track, tram track, and level crossing

Traffic management advisory for a road system/track (Rated as positive influences)

() Stay off this road/stretch/route/ring road/track at particular times

Details on timings:

() Stay off this road/stretch/route/ring road/track on particular days

Details on days:

Traffic management advisory for a road system (Rated as positive influences)

- () Recommend moderate utilization whenever possible
- () Restricted for goods carriers
- () Restricted for heavy motor vehicles
- () Restricted for 3-wheelers
- () Restricted for 2-wheelers
- () Restricted for pollution accelerators
- () Connects or connected to bad roads or problem afflicted routes
- () Not to be used by vehicles solely using renewable energy or batteries

Traffic management advisory for a road system/track (Rated as positive influences)

[Due to Environment factors]

- () Not to be used by Emergency Response vehicles
- () Not to be used by Special Needs vehicles
- () Not to be used by assisting teams without personal safety arrangements

FUEL CONSUMPTION (CAUSATIVE INFLUENCES)

Recommended types of vehicles that can use this road system/track:

- () Petrol vehicles
- () Diesel vehicles
- () LPG vehicles
- () Renewable energy or battery powered vehicles
- () Race engineered vehicles

Details about how much fuel may be consumed: Unpredictable-fuel-consumption/High-fuel-consumption/ Medium-fuel-consumption/Low-fuel-consumption/ Fuel-consumption-not-a-priority

ASSOCIATED TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT (RATED AS POSITIVE INFLUENCES)

LiveUpdates possible from Google maps: Yes/No/Not applicable

Notifications possible about trends in route: Yes/No/Not applicable

Notifications possible for GPS based Emergency Response network: Yes/No/Not applicable

Intervention possible by route forecasting: Yes/No/Not applicable

Details:

Vehicles can avail of renewable energy or battery charging services in this route: Yes/No/Not applicable

Driving teams can avail of drive guidance services in this route: Yes/No/Not applicable

Driving teams can avail of emergency breakdown services in this route: Yes/No/Not applicable

Driving teams can avail of surveillance based security and/or REPI assistance in this route: Yes/No/Not applicable

ACCIDENT RELIEF, EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND ASSISTANCE VIA THE REPI SAFETY PROJECT (RATED AS POSITIVE INFLUENCES)

[] Equipped with first aid provisions
[] Has clearance for (futuristic infrastructure) air lift
[] Equipped with fire extinguishers and fire fighting systems
[] Equipped with smoke alarm systems
[] Equipped with health / life saving assistance for the driving team

Details: These sensors need to measure and report the ambient temperature, quality of air, possible visibility levels, relative wind velocity & humidity levels, and relative gross vehicle weight or loading (where load levels are important for flyovers, bridges and ramps)

ACCIDENT RELIEF, EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND ASSISTANCE VIA THE REPI SAFETY PROJECT (RATED AS POSITIVE INFLUENCES)

[] Equipped with (specific) surveillance sensors or Intelligent safety systems that ensure REPI Desk/control room assistance (related to drivers and relevant assistance teams)

Details: The sensors being integrated into (futuristic infrastructure) sentinels can include collision detection sensors and systems for intelligent security solutions, where visibility levels are improved, sound sensors are installed to relay any signs of screaming or scuffles, rally/race signal violations are monitored, fast track monitoring of the sudden appearances of vehicles at unpredicted times of the event

•

Fitness report for a road system/track (part of the Codified Location Planner/ Advocacy)

<u> </u>	u.	• •
Road system/Track name:	Road system/Track Id:	
REPI Safety Account Id:		
Date of report:	Time of report:	
() Quality levels		
Details:		
For example "Good/Moderate/Poor/H	lazardous" with added details	
() Traffic volume levels		
Details:		
For example "Heavy/Moderate/Low v	volume/Controlled" with added details	

Fitness report for a road system/track

() Pollution levels
Details:
For example "High/Moderate/Normal/Uncontrolled" with added details
() Accidents or incidence (even crimes) trends
Details:
For example "High/Moderate/Rare/Controlled" with added details
() Possible route diversions
Details:
For example "Arterial arrangement/Alternate deviations/Service roads/Flyovers/Recommended by intervention diversions" with added details

Fitness report for a road system/track

() Driver / Assisting team comfort levels (specific to Commuter profile)

Details:

For example "High volume related stress levels/Moderate volume related stress levels/Normal volume related stress levels/Uncontrolled volume related stress levels/Repair work related stress levels/Breakdown of vehicles related stress levels/Ambulance or Emergency Response or Special need vehicles related stress levels/Climate change related stress levels/Disaster conditions related stress levels/Escalated tension related stress levels..." with added details

Fitness report for a road system/track

() Availability of alternate rally/race/track assisting services

Details:

For example "Overhead Metro/Underground Subway/Tram" with added details

() Availability of emergency response services

Details:

For example "Equipped with first aid provisions/Has clearance for air lift/Equipped with fire extinguishers/Equipped with smoke alarm systems/Equipped with sentinel sensors" with added details

Fitness report for a road system

() Availability of alpha assistance services for impaired drivers or co-drivers or assistant teams

Details:

In this condition, the person can be helped by assistive systems that instrument/improve

- Self-developed ability/reasoning/competency
- Continual ownership to be objective, accountable, and self-managed to mitigate **common-for-affliction** impact and setback with or without Physically Assistive Infrastructure, Physically Assistive Technology/Systems/ Equipment/Products/Processes or Digitally Assistive Infrastructure Technology/Systems/ Equipment/ Products/Processes
- () Afflicted due to weather forecasts

Details:

For example "Harsh weather conditions, high ambient temperatures, poor quality of air, low visibility levels, high speed wind velocity, heavy rainfall leading to flood like situations, water logging, overflowing of sewage drains" with added details

Fitness report for a road system/track

() Vital network and signal coverage

Details:

For example "Normal network connectivity/Failing network connectivity/ Problematic network connectivity/ Normal Emergency Response connectivity/ Failing Emergency Response connectivity/ Problematic Emergency Response connectivity/ Good quality signal strength reported for most mobile services/Complaints recorded for most mobile services/ Poor quality signal strength due to weather forecasts" with added details

() Vehicle indicators

Details:

For example "Normal for road system configuration/ Problematic for road system configuration/ Problematic for unmapped road system configuration/ Complaints recorded for road system configuration" with added details

Fitness ticket for a road system/track (part of the Codified Location Planner/ Advocacy)

A Commuter Safety Desk can register tickets that acknowledge receipt of notifications from commuters & people and also notify the higher level management entities of various problems related to a particular road, stretch, route or ring road system.

IMPORTANT DETAILS

Ticket Id: Source:

Ticket status: Open/Closed/Escalated/Needs details/Not available

Date of submission:Time of submission:

Road system/track name: Road system/track Id:

Commuter Safety Account Id:

Fitness ticket for a road system/track

Problems faced for reasons such as:

() Quality levels
() Traffic volume levels
() Pollution levels
() Accidents or incidence (even crimes) trends
() Possible route diversions
() Impacted driver/assisting team comfort levels (specific to the D2P profile)
() Non-availability of alternate assisting services
() Non-availability of emergency response services
() Non-availability of drive guidance services
() Afflicted due to weather forecasts
() Faulty vital network and signal coverage
() Vehicle indicators (problems related to driving team / assisting team Health and Lifespan Dynamics)

Fitness ticket for a road system/track

Management of (negative influence specific)

Key indicators

L _	Nature	of lay	yout c	conges	stion

- [] Probable Hazards
- [] Lack of Signage deployment
- () Condition management, Repair or restoration
- [] Interpretations on Fuel consumption
- [] Lack of support for renewable energy or battery powered vehicles

Fitness ticket for a road system/track

Sustainable infrastructure (positive influence specific)

Key	in	di	ca	to	rs

[] Stabilizing aspects
[] Planning behind condition management, repair or restoration
[] Signage and barricade deployment
[] Rally/Race/Track management advisory
[] Driving team/Assisting team safety
[] Associated Traffic Management
[] Accident relief, Emergency response and assistance
[] Alpha assistance for any impaired driving team/assisting team members

Fitness ticket for a road system/track

Sustainable infrastructure (positive influence specific):

Key indicators

Details of problems faced:

Fitness ticket for a road system/track

Sustainable infrastructure (positive influence specific):

Key indicators

Resolution sought: